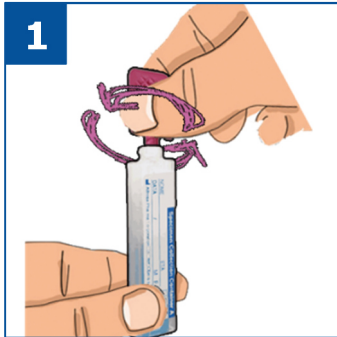


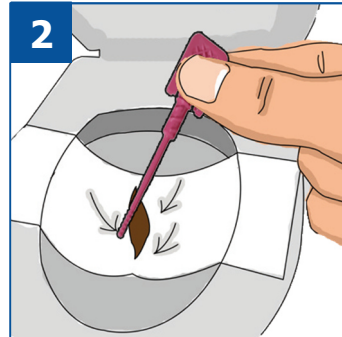
Please observe the advice at the rear!

Introductions for sampling

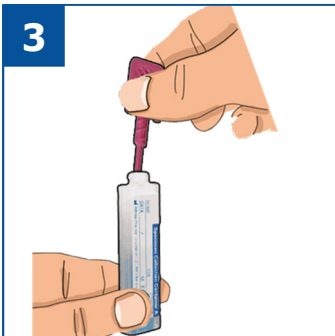
Before taking the sample, first fill out the label of the sampling tube with your first name and your surname, your date of birth and sampling date. Please use a waterproof pen and write printed letters!



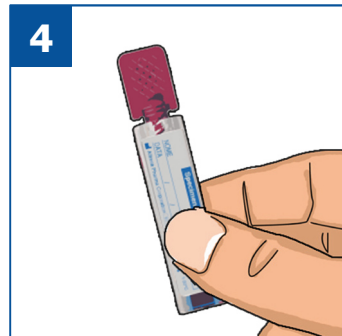
1
Unscrew the cap of the sampling tube



2
Only **put the tip of the stick in three different locations of the stool**. Do not put the entire stick into the stool!



3
Put the stick back into the sampling tube. The excess stool will be removed automatically.



4
Screw down the sampling tube and **shake it well**. Put the sample into the bag and **return it to the doctor's office** as soon as possible.

Sampling – Please note!

You don't have to stick to a diet for this procedure.

You must **NOT** run this test under the following conditions:

- during **pregnancy**
- during **menstruation and up to three days after**
- in case of **diarrhea**
- in case of bleeding **hemorrhoids**

If you are uncertain, ask your doctor first.

Intestinal cancer can be avoided, if it is detected at an early stage

Every year in Germany 26,000 people die from intestinal cancer and about 62,000 people contract the disease. However, no other kind of tumor has such a good chance to be cured when detected in an early stage.

Early detection

The most reliable method for detecting intestinal cancer is preventive colonoscopy. This medical check-up is covered by the German health insurances from the age of 55 and if negative, it can be repeated at 10-yearly intervals. From the age of 50 you are entitled to check for blood in the faeces.

This Test

If you don't want to have a colonoscopy or haven't reached the qualifying age, this test is a reasonable alternative. This modern method offers a high detection rate for tumors and their precursors

For external use only!



Store out of the reach of children.



Do not drink the buffers.